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Chemical pathology

Chemical pathology doctors combine laboratory and clinical skills, using biochemical laboratory tests to diagnose disease and manage patients.

You'll have a detailed understanding of biochemical processes and changes that occur in disease, for example inherited metabolic [1] disease (IMD), a genetic disorder that can lead to a dangerous imbalance of chemicals in the body and ultimately organ damage and disability.

Test-tubes

Life as a doctor in chemical pathology

You'll have two main roles. The first is running a biochemistry laboratory, analysing hundreds of samples each day, for example, to measure liver function or tumour markers. You'll provide guidance on the selection of appropriate tests, and assess the significance of the results, particularly for more unusual tests. You'll also be responsible for quality assurance [2]. You'll play an important role in the development of new tests which allow for more specific diagnosis and will improve patients' lives.

Your second role is clinical, working with patients with metabolic [1] disturbances on wards or in outpatient clinics. You'll work closely with GPs requesting tests and provide guidance to a wide range of hospital colleagues. You'll also work very closely with endocrinologists to oversee specialist tests and help with the development and interpretation of hormone tests.

You will often be the only specialist of this kind in a district general hospital. You'll need to be on-call sometimes, but there is less out-of-hours working in this speciality than in others.

How much can I earn?

You'll first earn a salary when you start your <u>foundation training</u> [3] after medical school. Find out details of current salary ranges for foundation and specialty training, <u>SAS doctors</u> [4] and consultants on the <u>'Pay for doctors'</u> [5] page.

How about the benefits?

- make a difference
- flexible and part-time working

- high income early in your career
- work anywhere in the world
- · excellent pension scheme
- good holiday entitlement
- NHS discounts in shops and restaurants

Must-have skills?

- excellent communication skills to manage a wide range of relationships with colleagues, and patients and their families
- emotional resilience, a calm temperament and the ability to work well under pressure
- · teamwork and the capacity to lead multidisciplinary teams
- problem-solving and diagnostic skills
- outstanding?organisational?ability and effective decision-making skills
- first-class time and resource management for the benefit of patients

Entry requirements

Your first step is medical school. Typically, you'll need excellent GCSEs and three A or A* passes at A level including chemistry for a five-year undergraduate degree in medicine. Many medical schools also ask for biology and others may require maths or physics.

If you already have a degree, you could study for a four-year postgraduate degree in medicine.

You'll need to pass an interview and admissions test. You'll be asked to show how you demonstrate the NHS values such as compassion and respect.

Some medical schools look to recruit a mix of students from different backgrounds and geographical areas, so your educational and economic background and family circumstances could be considered as part of your application.

"What I really love about chemical pathology is that the job involves an understanding of the patient's metabolism which is then applied to the clinical biochemistry findings. I also love being involved in teaching and training future pathologists, other trainees and students."

Read Andrew's story [6].

What are my chances of starting a career in chemical pathology?

In 2021, there were 104 chemical pathology consultants working in the NHS in England. In addition, there were 16 applications for 11 specialty training places.

How to become a doctor in chemical pathology

After medical school, you'll join the paid two-year <u>foundation programme</u> [7] where you'll work in six placements in different settings.

After your foundation programme, you can apply for paid <u>specialty training</u> [8] to become a doctor in chemical pathology, which will take a minimum of eight years.

You may be able to train part time, for example for health reasons or if you have family or caring responsibilities.

Where a career as a doctor in chemical pathology can take you

You could:

- specialise or conduct research in areas such as metabolic [1] bone disease or inherited metabolic [1] disease (IMD)
- teach medical students or postgraduate students in training
- get involved in research at universities, the NHS or private sector

Further Information

These organisations have further information about being a doctor in chemical pathology, particularly as your career progresses. Take a look.

The Association for Clinical Biochemistry [9]

British Inherited Metabolic Disease Group [10]

Heart UK [11]

Royal College of Pathologists [12]

Royal College of Physicians [13]

Society for the Study of Inborn Errors of Metabolism [14]

The Pathological Society of Great Britain and Ireland [15]

And hear from someone working as chemical pathology doctor:

Interview with a consultant chemical pathologist (HEWM) [16]

Other roles that may interest you

- Endocrinology and diabetes [17]
- Microbiology (healthcare scientist) [18]

- Haematology (doctor) [19]
- Histopathology (doctor) [20]

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